

HOW TO CHOOSE A HOSE TIMER FOR LAWN WATERING

CARE AND EQUIPMENT PLANNING CALENDAR

Use months as reminders; local weather, grass growth and establishment stage take priority. Move freeze preparation ahead of your first local freeze, even if earlier than shown.

01 JANUARY Review last year's dry spots Sketch zones and places that stayed wet or dried out first.	02 FEBRUARY Check before buying Run a short supervised cycle, confirm shutoff and inspect connections for leaks.	03 MARCH Inspect the system When operating, check leaks, damaged heads and connections that do not shut off.
04 APRIL Run a timed test Place cups across one zone; record every depth, including zero readings.	05 MAY Compare the pattern Correct blocked or uneven coverage before extending the whole zone's runtime.	06 JUNE Include rainfall Adjust the additional water target for recent rain, soil and grass needs.
07 JULY Check runoff Stop if water runs off; consider suitable shorter cycles with soaking pauses.	08 AUGUST Repeat after changes Recheck collected depths after adjusting heads, hoses or sprinkler position.	09 SEPTEMBER Revisit the target Changing weather and growth can make an old timer setting unsuitable.
10 OCTOBER Inspect shutoff Look for persistent wet spots or leaks between scheduled watering periods.	11 NOVEMBER Plan for freezing Follow equipment-specific winterization steps where freezing is expected.	12 DECEMBER Save the settings Keep a zone sketch, test depths and runtime notes for the next audit.

Use what already works | Match equipment to the task | Check the exact model and its manual

LAWN AREA: _____ GRASS / CULTIVAR: _____

Use current local advice and product labels. New seed, sod and plugs need separate establishment care. This is a planning sheet, not a monthly treatment schedule.



FULL GUIDE